

Safety Precautions

Installation, initial start-up and maintenance work may only be performed by trained personnel! Applicable European and national regulations regarding the installation of electrical equipment must be observed. The device may only be connected to supply power which complies with the specifications listed under "Technical Data" and on the serial plate!

The device must be disconnected from supply power before performing installation or maintenance work! The device may only be operated under the conditions specified in the operating instructions!



The turbidity system works as a limit monitor. Turbidity measurement is based upon absorption, i.e. it responds to loss of light caused by turbidity in the liquid medium. The emitter send the IR beam (940 nm pulsated 8 kHz) through the fluid to the receiver. The variations due to the turbidity are fully used by the TRUBOMAT to detect the over passing preset value. A complete system compares continuously the measured value with the preset value; it is not pre-calibrated in factory but calibrated on site by end-user.

A complete turbidity control system includes:

1 turbidity controller TRUBOMAT GS3

+ 1 armature GA ...1 /...2/ ... 5/ ...11 (DN 15 to DN 125) for in-line control / by-pass (including emitter and receiver)

Or

1 turbidity controller TRUBOMAT GS3

+ 1 immersion probe CP1 (built in emitter and receiver) for control in basin or open channel.



BAMO MESURES

3. WIRING GA.., flow through probes

Check if the unit accepts the main supply available on site. As a standard, the power supply is 230 V AC - 50/60 Hz

Wiring diagram, 230 V 50 / 60 Hz external control voltage supply L1 230V 50/60Hz N H F1 10 10 max.load max. load TRUBOMAT 250V / 500VA 30V / 60mA GS3 8 3 1 monitoring | and control module \otimes 口中 L-L shield 5 68 7 transm receiver



4. MOUNTING GA., flow through probes

TRUBOMAT GS3: To fix on its base (11 pins) for rail DIN 46277 mounting. IN-LINE PROBES: GA 1.., GA 2.., GA 5.., GA 11..,

The following points must be observed in order to assure accurate measurements:

- For the normal maintenance operation, mounting should care of possibility to dismantle all the system.
- The glass windows must always be clean determination of the cleaning operation frequency depends of process conditions and fluid.
- The emitter and receiver have to be installed within a horizontal plan, to avoid accumulated particles or gas bubble.



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5. MOUNTING immersion probe CP1

The immersion probe CP1 is intended for the installation in basins, open gutters and containers for the monitoring of the turbidity or sludge level. The probe is available for 2 measuring ranges.

Low range: approximately 50...1300 FAU for over runs and sewers

High range: approximately **600...3000 FAU** for sludge levels and interfaces.

Mount the probe in such a way that the probe is easily removable for cleaning. Cleaning intervals result from the operating conditions. Do not scratch the glasses with abrasive cleaning materials!

Installation of the immersion probe CP1 Z0 by means of assembly angles and placing screw connection.

<u>Caution:</u> With strong current or viscous media, the cable may not be overstretched. At the two drillings in the probe foot a strain relief in these cases (rope, support rod ...) to be attached. The drillings are designed that into them if necessary a thread M6 can be cut.

Mounting of the immersion probe CP1 ZR

The probe is also available with extension tube.

6. WIRING immersion probe CP1



7. ADJUSTMENT immersion probe CP1 Initial Start-Up

Adjust the switching point for the dark switching function (for fluid media, which become more turbid):

Adjustment is performed after installation and electrical connection.

· Set range selector switch to 15%.

 \cdot Set sensitivity adjusting potentiometer to $\mathbf{0}$ – the yellow LED lights up.

• Turn adjusting potentiometers "t - On" und "t - Off" all the way anticlockwise (0.5 s delay).

• Fill sensor fixture with fluid medium or submerge immersion fixture.

• Slowly turn the sensitivity adjusting potentiometer towards 10 until the yellow LED goes out.

• The closer the potentiometer is set to the switching point, the more sensitively the device reacts to the onset of turbidity.

• With clear water, a turbidity change of approximately 7 TE/F is sufficient to trigger the device if it has been precisely adjusted.

• If a larger change is desired, turn the potentiometer to a correspondingly higher setting (actual settings must be determined by trial and error).

• If the 15% range is inadequate, switch to the **100%** range.

• The switching command can be delayed by up to 10 seconds with the "t - On" und "t - Off" potentiometers in order to prevent erroneous switching due to air bubbles or isolated turbidity particles.

8. MAINTENANCE

Fixtures

Glass lenses must be kept clean.

A suction cup is provided with the GA 5... sensor fixture to this end. Completely empty the fixture before cleaning or performing maintenance work!

· Do not use hard objects for cleaning.

• Calcium deposits can be removed with commercially available decalcifying agents.

· Maintenance interval depends upon operating conditions.

Transmitter and receiver

They are maintenance-free.

Switching Amplifier

The switching amplifier is maintenance-free.



Observe! If dirt repelling coated glasses are used

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